

## **Electronic Supplementary Information (ESI)**

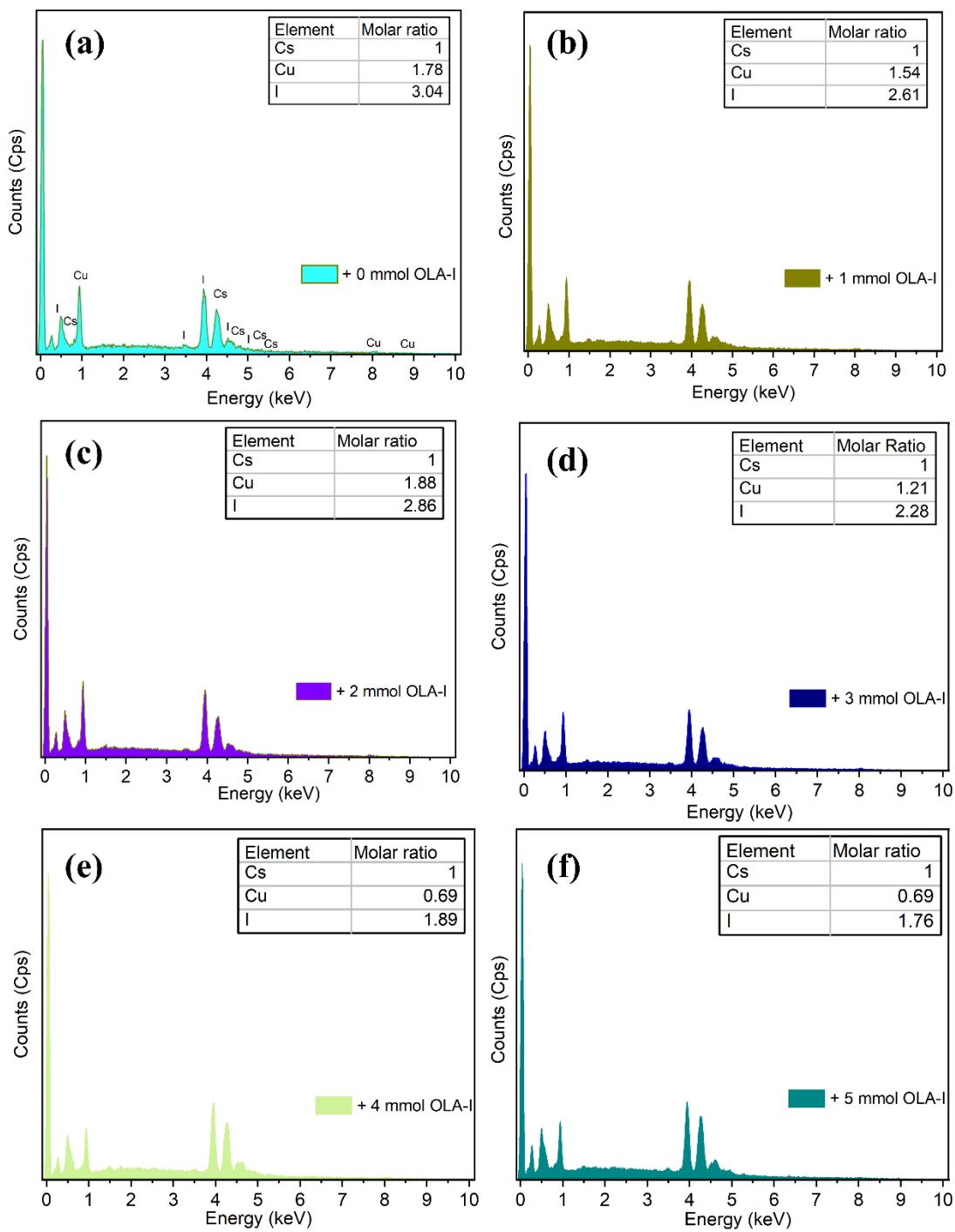
# **AAlkylammonium Halides for Phase Regulation and Luminescence Modulation of Cesium Copper Iodide Nanocrystals for Light-Emitting Diodes**

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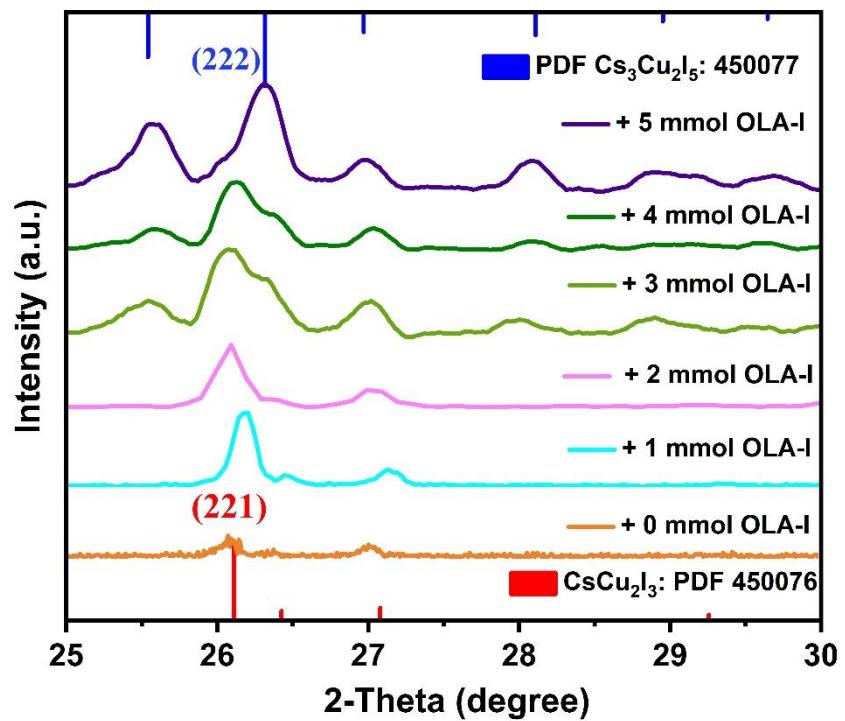
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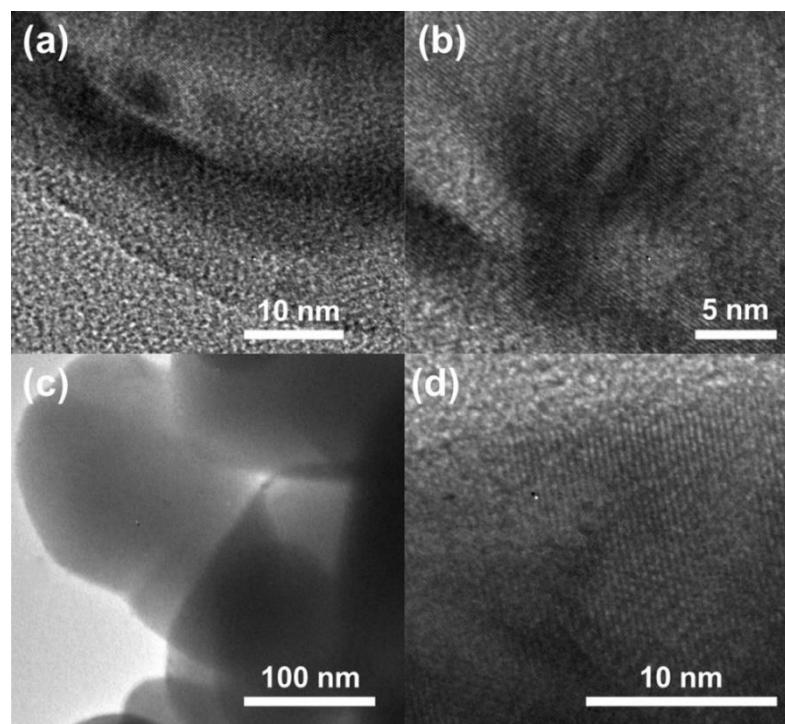
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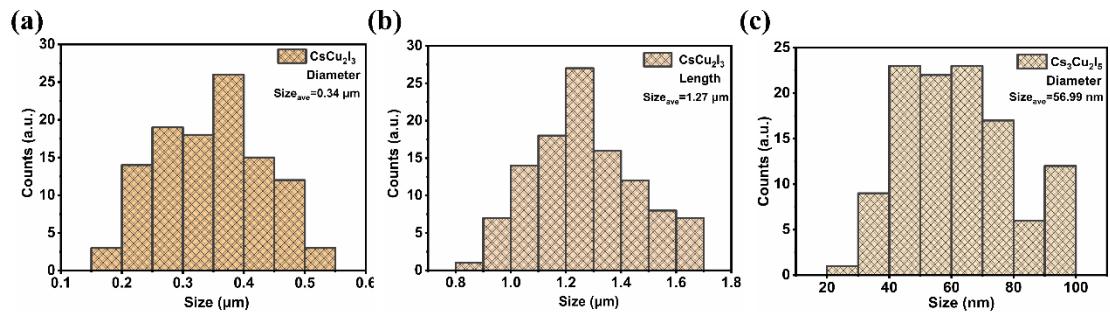
**Figure S1.** The Energy dispersive spectra (EDS) and corresponding elemental content of compounds obtained with different molar ratio OLA-I added: (a-f) 0 mmol; 1 mmol; 2 mmol; 3 mmol; 4 mmol and 5 mmol OLA-I.



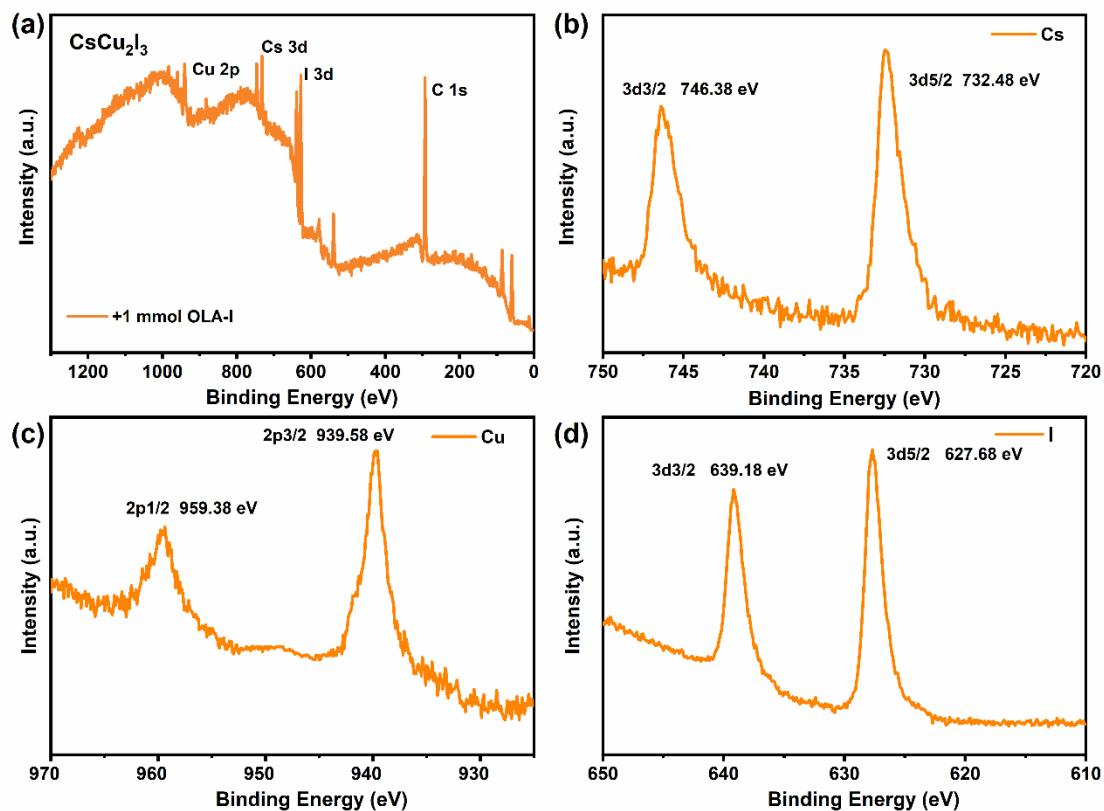
**Figure S2.** XRD patterns of the samples with enlarged views from  $25^\circ$  to  $30^\circ$ .



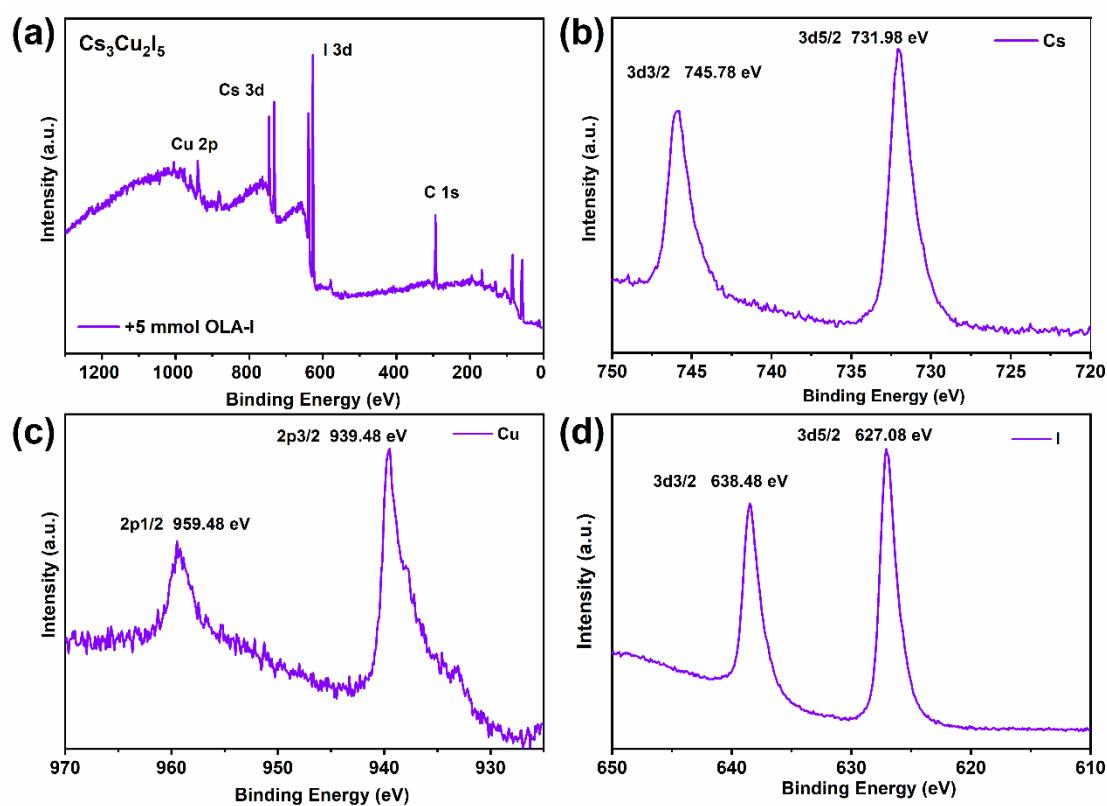
**Figure S3.** The transmission electron microscope (TEM) images of  $\text{CsCu}_2\text{I}_3$  MRs (a) low-resolution and (b) high-resolution; TEM images of  $\text{Cs}_3\text{Cu}_2\text{I}_5$  NCs (c) low-resolution image and (d) high-resolution image.



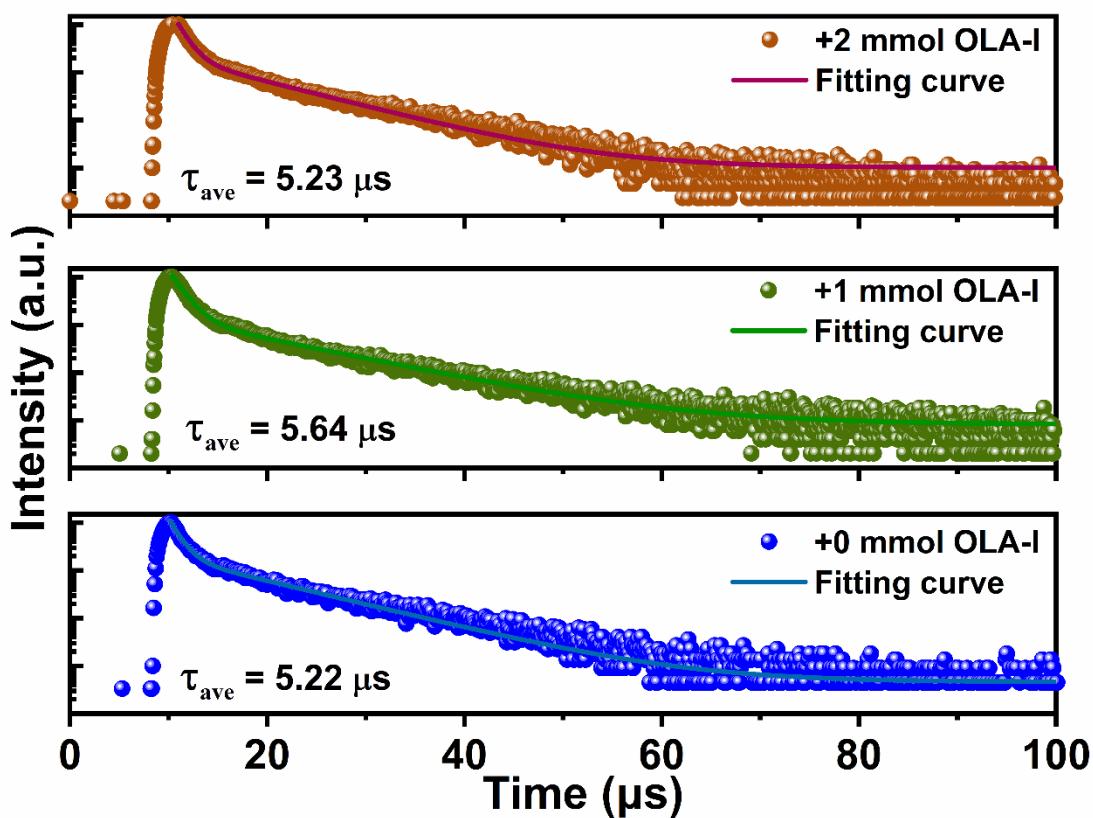
**Figure S4.** (a-b) The diameter and length distribution statistics of  $\text{CsCu}_2\text{I}_3$  MRs obtained through 1 mmol OLA-I added. (c) The particles size of diameter distribution statistic of  $\text{Cs}_3\text{Cu}_2\text{I}_5$  NCs.



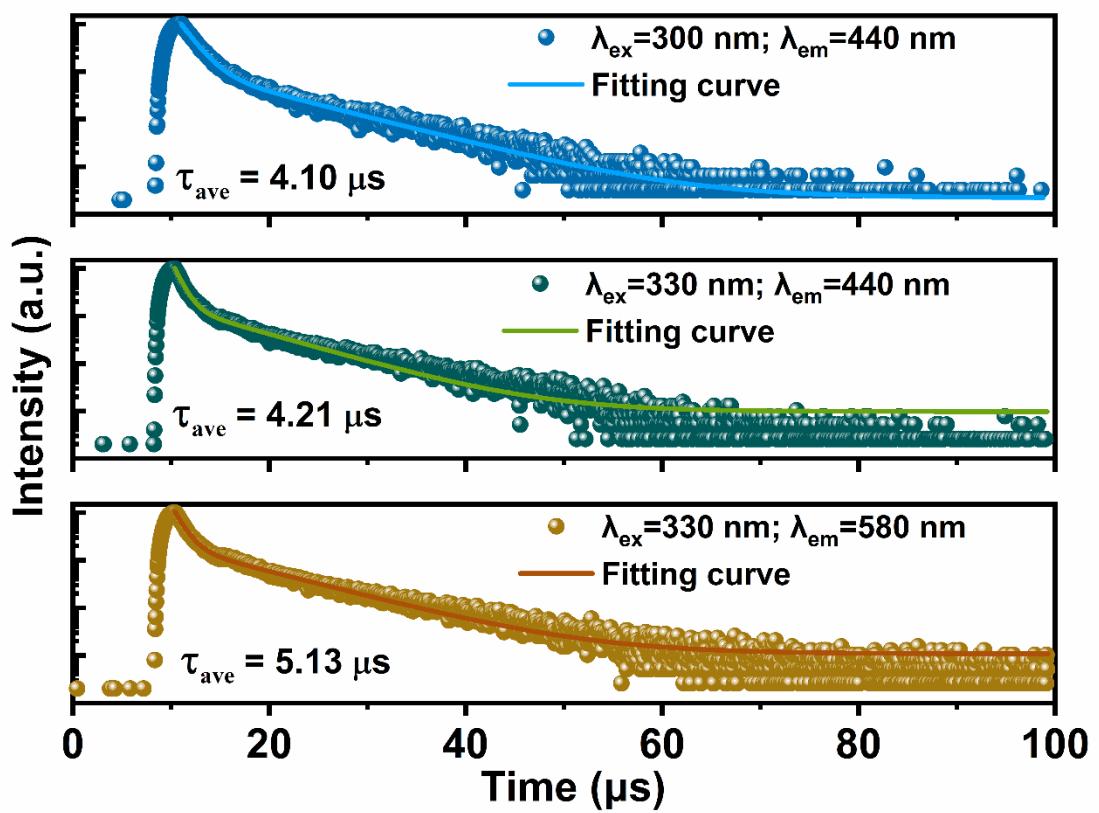
**Figure S5.** (a) XPS survey spectrum of  $\text{CsCu}_2\text{I}_3$ . And the high-resolution spectra corresponding to the curves of (b)  $\text{Cs 3d}$ , (c)  $\text{Cu 2p}$  and (d)  $\text{I 3d}$  orbitals.



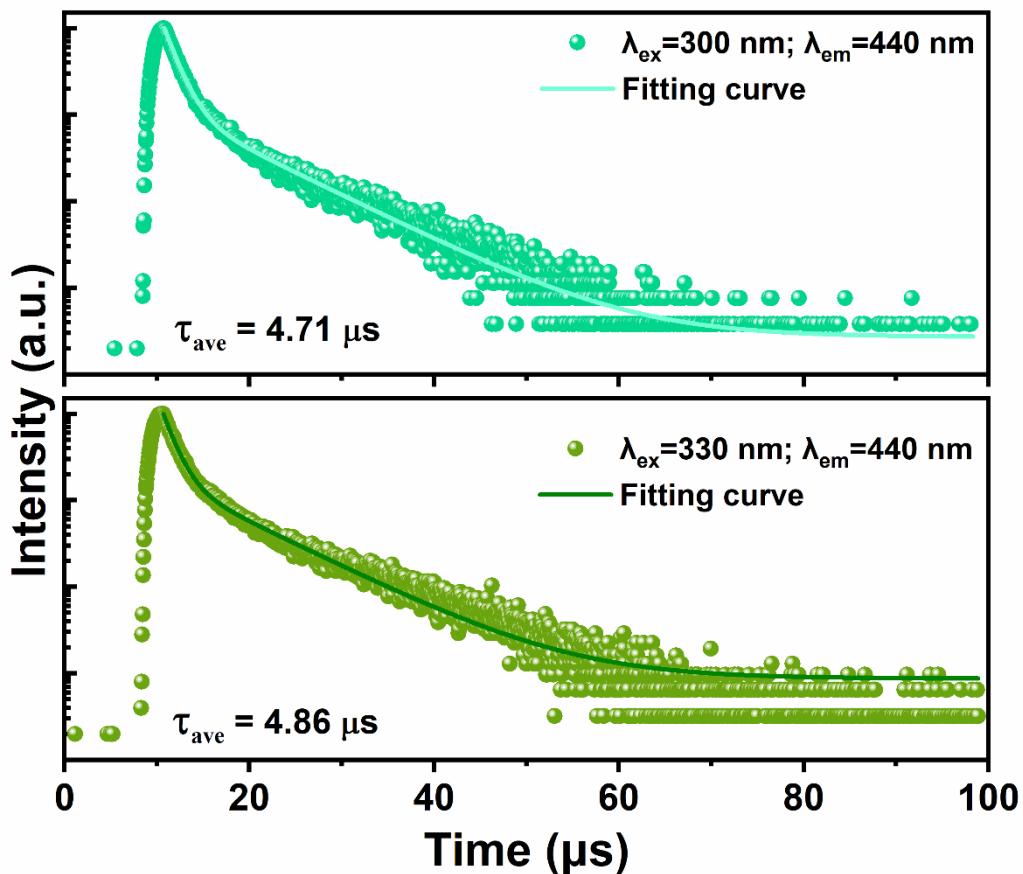
**Figure S6.** (a) XPS survey spectrum of  $\text{Cs}_3\text{Cu}_2\text{I}_5$ . And the high-resolution XPS spectra of (b) Cs 3d, (c) Cu 2p and (d) I 3d orbitals.



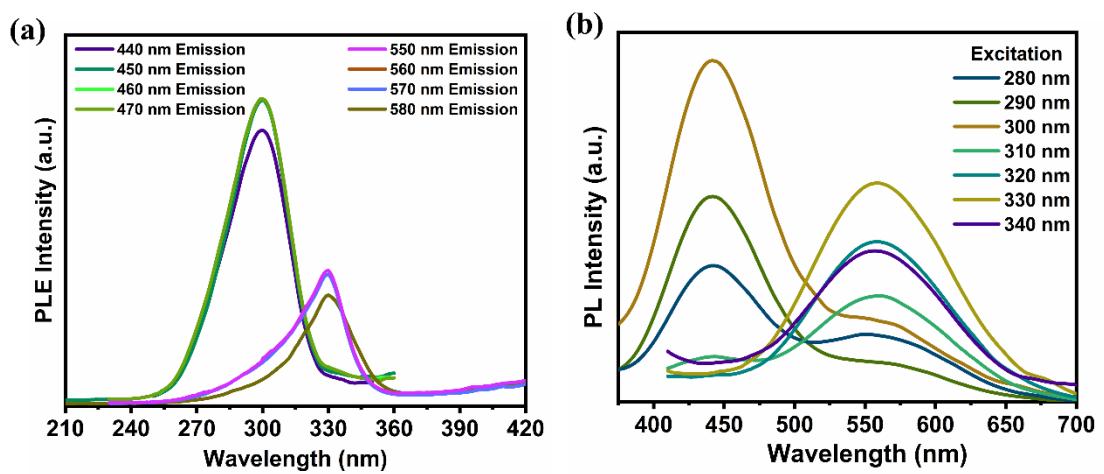
**Figure S7.** Time-resolved PL decay curves at room temperature for  $\text{CsCu}_2\text{I}_3$  (adding 0 mmol, 1 mmol and 2 mmol OLA-I) compound and solid lines represent the fitting curves by a double exponential function.



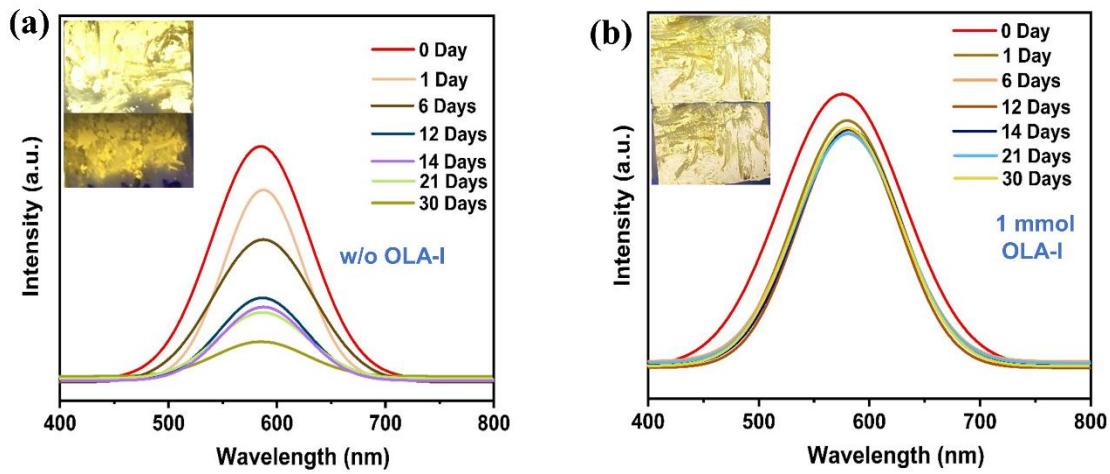
**Figure S8.** Time-resolved PL decay curves at room temperature for  $\text{CsCu}_2\text{I}_3/\text{Cs}_3\text{Cu}_2\text{I}_5$  (adding 4 mmol OLA-I) compound and solid lines represent the fitting curves by a double exponential function.



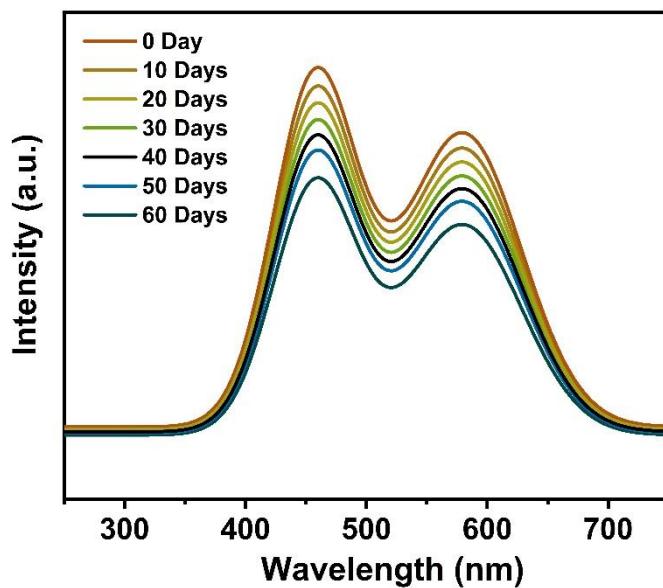
**Figure S9.** Time-resolved PL decay curves at room temperature for  $\text{Cs}_3\text{Cu}_2\text{I}_5$  (adding 5 mmol OLA-I) compound and solid lines represent the fitting curves by a double exponential function.



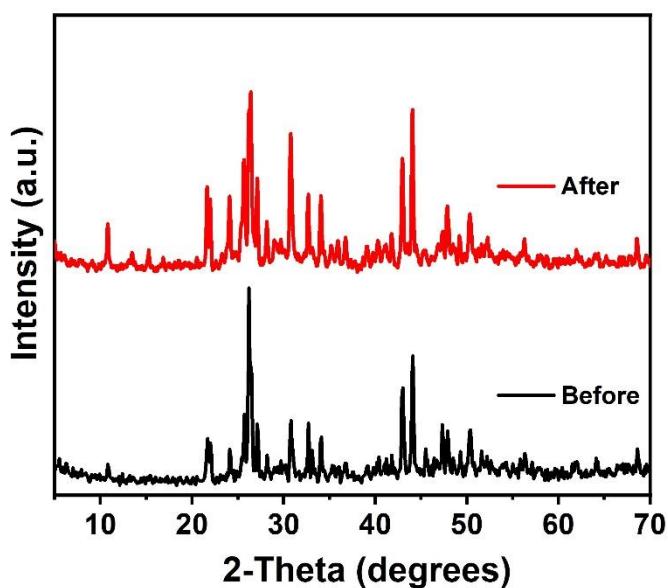
**Figure S10.** (a) PLE spectra of  $\text{CsCu}_2\text{I}_3/\text{Cs}_3\text{Cu}_2\text{I}_5$  compound for different emission wavelength. (b) PL spectra of  $\text{CsCu}_2\text{I}_3/\text{Cs}_3\text{Cu}_2\text{I}_5$  compound upon UV irradiation with different excitation wavelengths.



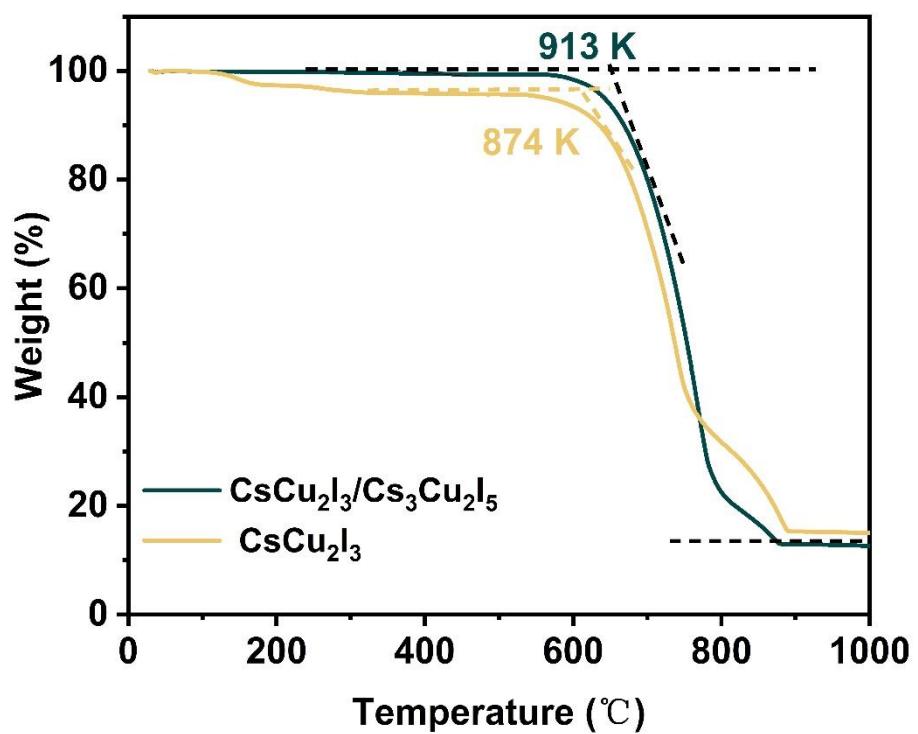
**Figure S11.** (a) Evolution of the PL spectra of 0 mmol OLA-I treated  $\text{CsCu}_2\text{I}_3$  under  $85^\circ\text{C}$  over 30 days for stability investigation. (b) Evolution of the PL spectra of 1 mmol OLA-I treated  $\text{CsCu}_2\text{I}_3$  over 30 days for stability investigation (Inserted images representing the luminance changing under  $85^\circ\text{C}$  environment. Above: for 0 day; Down: for 30 days).



**Figure S12.** PL emission spectrum of the obtained compound with adding 3 mmol OLA-I exposed to air for 60 days.



**Figure S13.** XRD patterns of 3 mmol OLA-I treated  $\text{CsCu}_2\text{I}_3/\text{Cs}_3\text{Cu}_2\text{I}_5$  component before and after storage under the ambient condition for two months.



**Figure S14.** Thermogravimetric analysis (TGA) of  $\text{CsCu}_2\text{I}_3$  and  $\text{CsCu}_2\text{I}_3/\text{Cs}_3\text{Cu}_2\text{I}_5$ .

**Table S1.** Element analysis measurement results and the calculated ratios of Cs, Cu and I for prepared samples with adding different molar ratio of OLA-I (Ratio of inputting amounts for Cs: Cu: I=3.2: 4: 4).

+ x mmol OLA-I	Cs (%)	Cu (%)	I (%)	Ratio	Component
+ 0 mmol	13.8	24.6	41.9	1:1.78:3.04	<b>CsCu<sub>2</sub>I<sub>3</sub></b>
+ 1 mmol	14.2	21.8	36.9	1:1.54:2.61	<b>CsCu<sub>2</sub>I<sub>3</sub></b>
+ 2 mmol	12.5	23.5	35.7	1:1.88:2.86	<b>CsCu<sub>2</sub>I<sub>3</sub></b>
+ 3 mmol	15.7	19.0	35.8	1:1.21:2.28	<b>CsCu<sub>2</sub>I<sub>3</sub></b>
					<b>Cs<sub>3</sub>Cu<sub>2</sub>I<sub>5</sub></b>
+ 4 mmol	22.1	15.3	41.7	1:0.69:1.89	<b>CsCu<sub>2</sub>I<sub>3</sub></b>
					<b>Cs<sub>3</sub>Cu<sub>2</sub>I<sub>5</sub></b>
+ 5 mmol	20.2	13.9	35.6	1:0.69:1.76	<b>Cs<sub>3</sub>Cu<sub>2</sub>I<sub>5</sub></b>

**Table S2.** Summary of the synthetic strategies and optical parameters of recent reported copper-based halide compounds.

Formula	Morphology	Method	Emission peak (nm)	PLQY (%)	Ref.
$\text{CsCu}_2\text{I}_3$	NA	Solid-state reaction	576	3.23	[1]
$\text{CsCu}_2\text{I}_3$	Thin films	Spin-coating	~ 548	20.6	[2]
$\text{CsCu}_2\text{I}_3$	Micro-rods	Antisolvent infiltration	575	12.1	[3]
$\text{CsCu}_2\text{I}_3$	Nanorods	Hot injection	553	5	[4]
$\text{CsCu}_2\text{I}_3$	Nanorods	Hot injection	561	11	[5]
$\text{CsCu}_2\text{I}_3$	Wires	Antisolvent	570	NA	[6]
$\text{Cs}_3\text{Cu}_2\text{I}_5$	Nanocrystals	Hot injection	441	67	[4]
$\text{Cs}_3\text{Cu}_2\text{I}_5$	Nanocrystals	Modified hot injection	445	73.7	[7]
$\text{Cs}_3\text{Cu}_2\text{I}_5$	Powder	Solution stirring	440	NA	[8]
$\text{Cs}_3\text{Cu}_2\text{I}_5$ : Mn	Microparticles	Solid-state reaction	448 and 556	57	[9]
$\text{Cs}_3\text{Cu}_2\text{I}_5$	Nanocrystals	Hot injection	441	67	[10]
$\text{Cs}_5\text{Cu}_3\text{Cl}_6\text{I}_2$	Powder	Solid-state reaction	462	95	[11]
$\text{CsCu}_2\text{I}_3$	Micro-rods	Hot injection	560	47.3	This work
$\text{CsCu}_2\text{I}_3$ / $\text{Cs}_3\text{Cu}_2\text{I}_5$	Micro-rods and Nanocrystals	Hot injection	560 and 440	66.4	This work
$\text{Cs}_3\text{Cu}_2\text{I}_5$	Nanocrystals	Hot injection	440	95.3	This work

## Additional References

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