

Table S1: Initial environmental variables

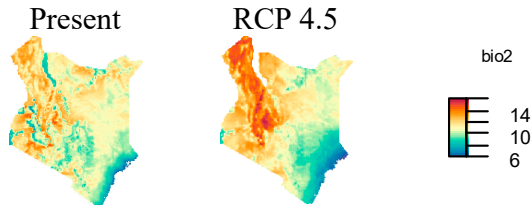
| Variable name | Description (unit) | Source |
|---------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| Aspect | Slope direction (8 directions and flat) | Calculated from Worldclim DEM layer |
| Bedrock | Distance to the soil bedrock (m) | Soil map of Kenya |
| Bio1 | Annual mean temperature | WorldClim |
| Bio2 | Mean diurnal temperature range (mean of monthly mean daily values) (°C) | WorldClim |
| Bio3 | Isothermality (Bio2/Bio7×100%) | WorldClim |
| Bio4 | Temperature seasonality (standard deviation of monthly mean temperature ×100) (°C) | WorldClim |
| Bio5 | Max temperature of warmest month (°C) | WorldClim |
| Bio6 | Min temperature of coldest month (°C) | WorldClim |
| Bio7 | Temperature annual range (Bio5-Bio6) (°C) | WorldClim |
| Bio8 | Mean temperature of wettest quarter (°C) | WorldClim |
| Bio9 | Mean temperature of driest quarter (°C) | WorldClim |
| Bio10 | Mean temperature of warmest quarter (°C) | WorldClim |
| Bio11 | Mean temperature of coldest quarter (°C) | WorldClim |
| Bio12 | Annual precipitation (mm) | WorldClim |
| Bio13 | Precipitation of wettest month (mm) | WorldClim |
| Bio14 | Precipitation of driest month (mm) | WorldClim |
| Bio15 | Precipitation seasonality (coefficient of variation) | WorldClim |
| Bio16 | Precipitation of wettest quarter (mm) | WorldClim |
| Bio17 | Precipitation of driest quarter (mm) | WorldClim |
| Bio18 | Precipitation of warmest quarter (mm) | WorldClim |
| Bio19 | Precipitation of coldest quarter (mm) | WorldClim |
| CEC | Soil cation exchange capacity (cmol _c /kg) | Soil map of Kenya |
| Clay | Soil clay content (minerology) | Soil map of Kenya |
| Drainage | Soil drainage capacity (8 classes) | Soil map of Kenya |
| Distrivers | Distance to rivers (km) | Calculated from HYDROSHEDS layer |
| Elevation | Height above sea level (m) | WorldClim |
| ExchK | Soil exchangeable potassium (cmol _c /kg) | Soil map of Kenya |

| | | |
|--------------|--|---|
| ExchNa | Soil exchangeable sodium (cmol _c /kg) | Soil map of Kenya |
| HII | Human influence index | NASA socio-economic data and application center (SEDAC) |
| Landform | Features that make up the land surface (14 classes) | Soil map of Kenya |
| LC | Land cover (9 classes) | Land cover map of Kenya (European Space Agency; ESA) |
| Lithology | Soil mineral composition, colour and grainsize (32 classes) | Soil map of Kenya |
| Ph kci | Soil PH | Soil map of Kenya |
| Ph water | Soil PH | Soil map of Kenya |
| PD | Human population density (/km ²) | NASA gridded population density |
| Rdensity | Road density (length/km ²) | Calculated from |
| Rootablesoil | Thickness of rootable soil layer depth (7 classes) | Soil map of Kenya |
| Slope | The degree of inclination (decimal degree) | Calculated from Worldclim DEM layer |
| Texture | Soil texture (5 classes) | Soil map of Kenya |
| WI | Warmness index is annual sum of positive monthly temperatures (Choi et al., 2011). | Calculated based on WorldClim monthly mean temperature |

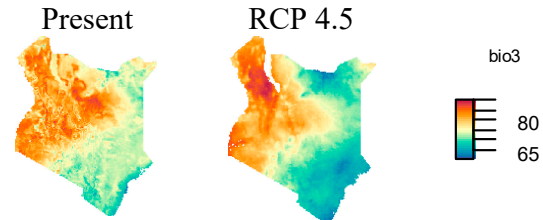
$$WI = \sum_{m=1}^{12} \max(T_m - 5, 0)$$

where, T_m is monthly mean temperature of month m (°C).

(a) Mean diurnal temperature range (Bio2)



(b) Isothermality (Bio3)



(c) Annual precipitation (Bio12)

Present RCP 4.5

(d) Precipitation of wettest month (Bio13)

Present RCP 4.5

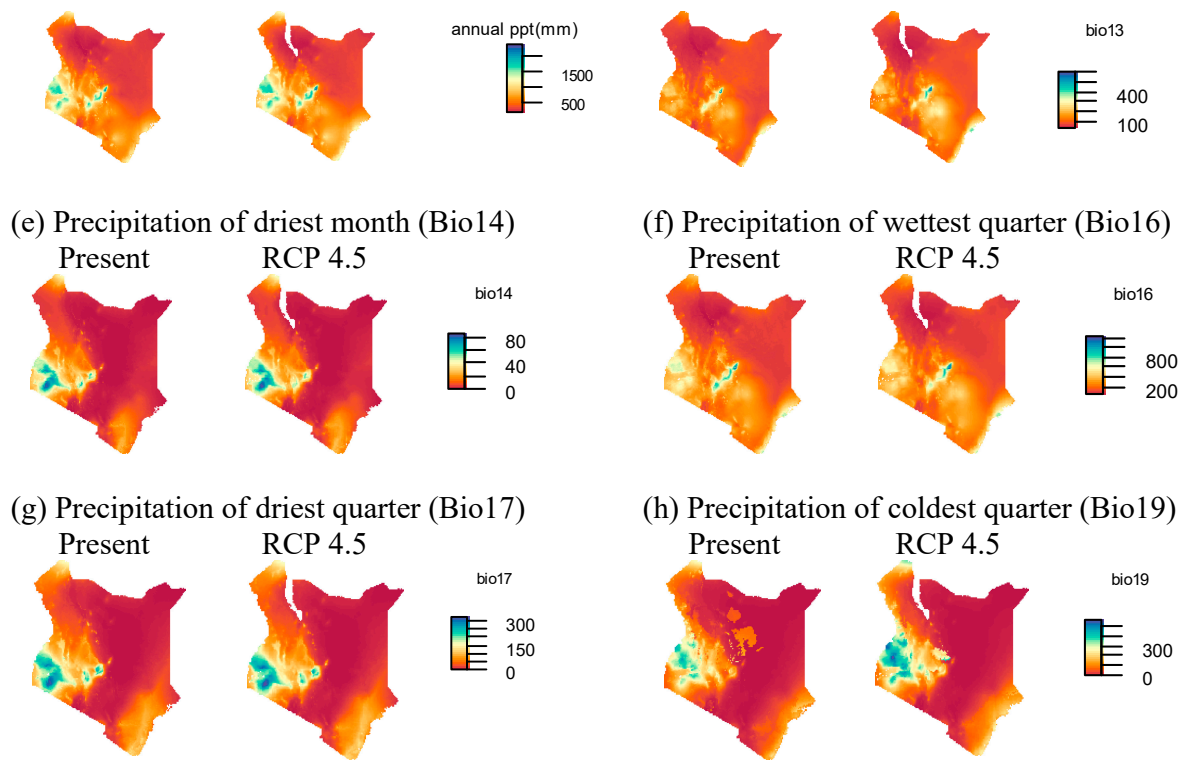
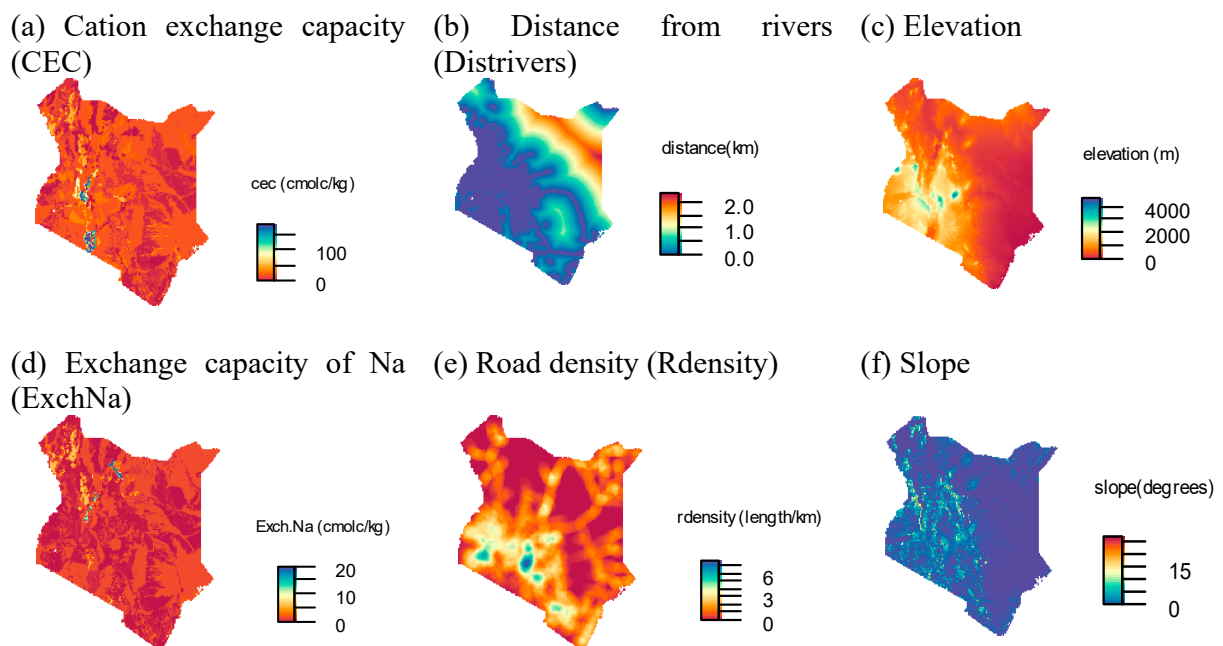
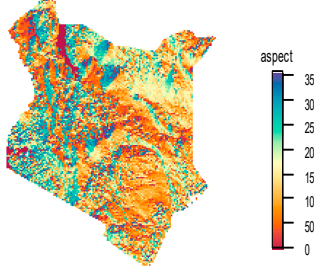


Figure S1: Bioclimatic predictors selected by the MaxentVariableSelection package for any species in present and in 2050 by RCP 4.5.



(g) Aspect



(h) Landforms

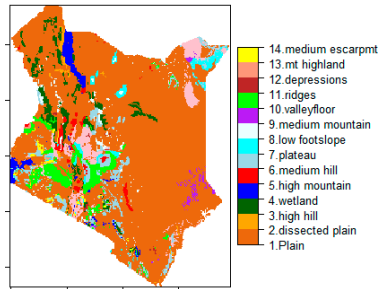


Figure S2: Soil, topographic, and geographic predictors selected by the MaxentVariableSelection package for models

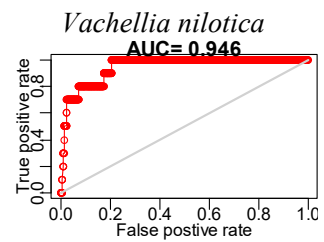
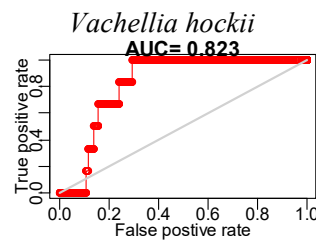
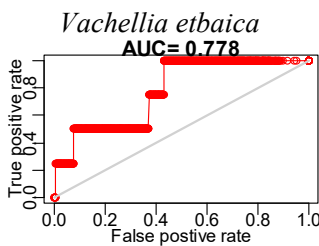
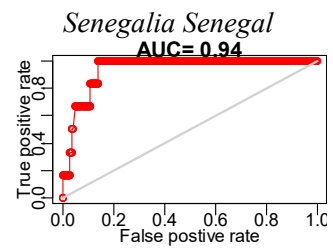
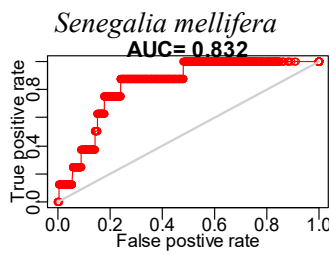
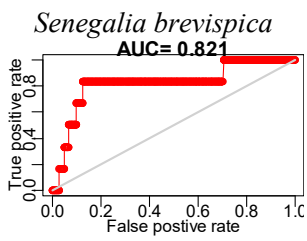
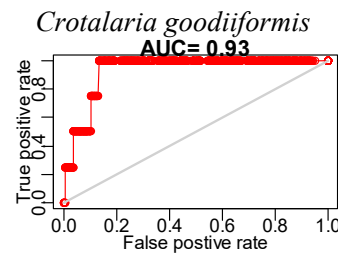
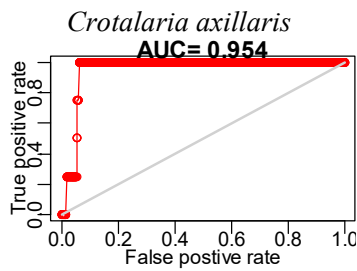
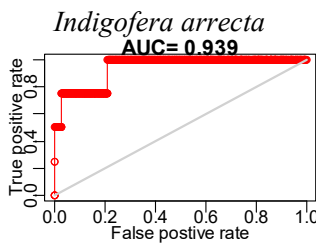


Figure S3: Maxent ROCs for the 9 modeled species

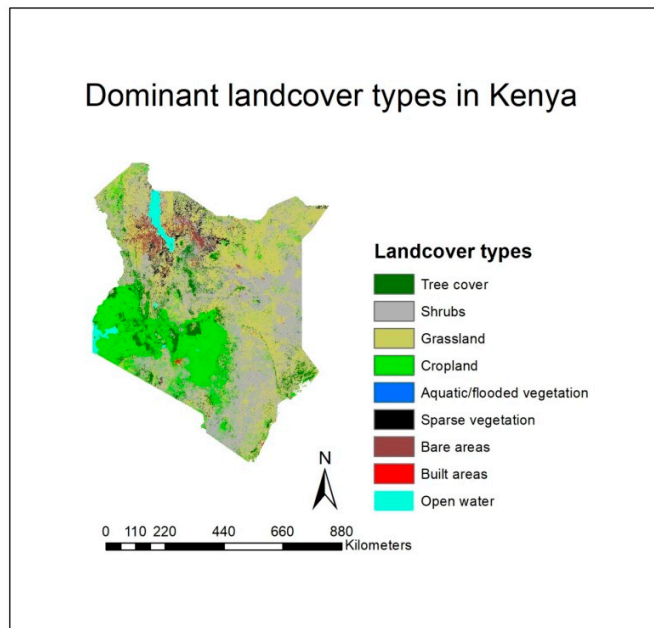
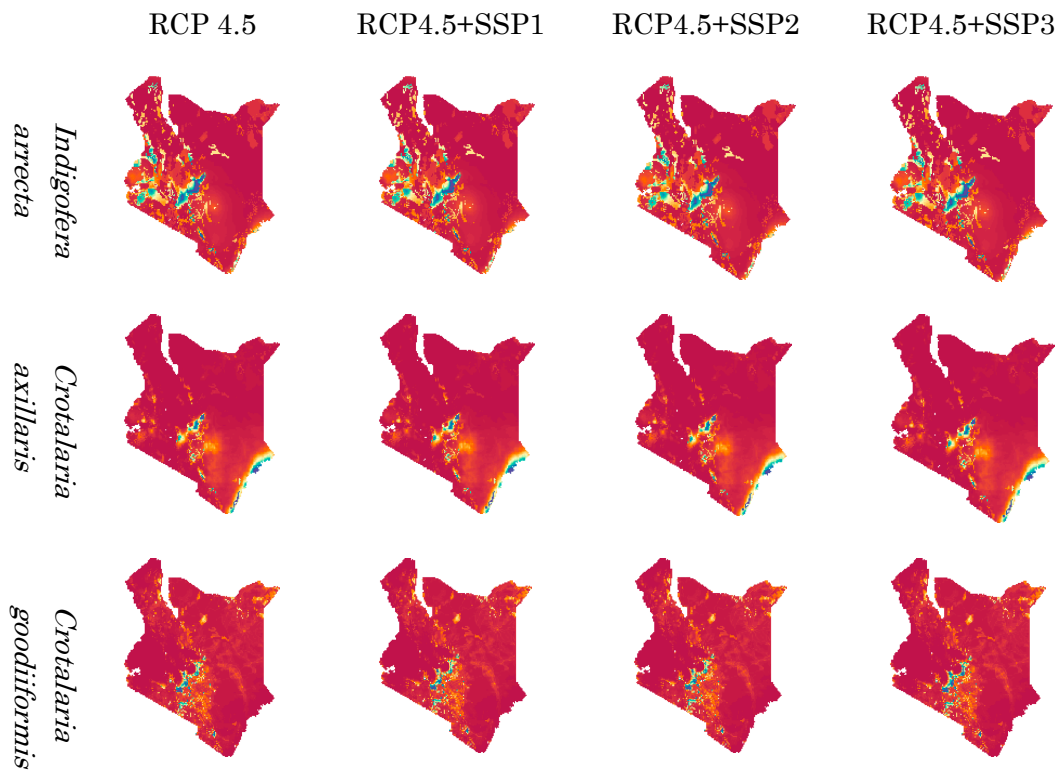


Figure S4: Landcover map of Kenya



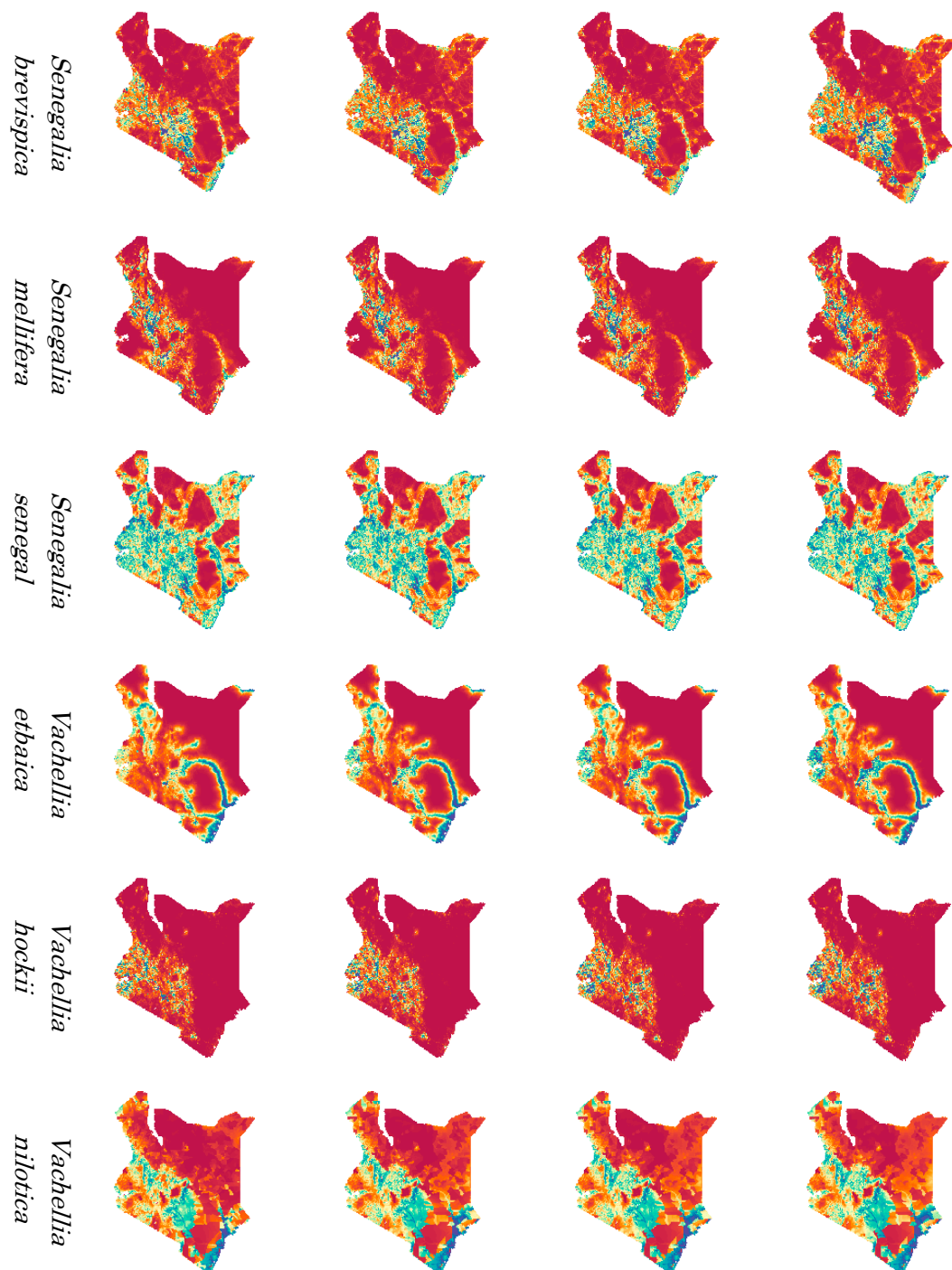


Figure S5: Projected occurrence probability of 9 species by MaxEnt in 2050 under RCP 4.5 and 3 SSP scenarios.